# **MVIS HI-BOND VENEER MORTAR**

THIN-SET MORTAR



Thin-set mortar consists of materials such as lime, cement, sand, and water n together to provide an adhesive to bind two surfaces together



LATICRETE International, a world leader in tile & stone installation material manufacturing, is fully committed to sustainability and providing transparent information for the rapidly growing green building community. LATICRETE currently offers GHS format Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Health Product Declarations (HPD) for all products which LATICRETE International manufactures as well as UL GreenGuard Gold certification for a growing selection of products. LATICRETE is committed to developing innovative, sustainable and low VOC products and to being as transparent as possible to an ever changing world. As such, we continue our global leadership role in transparency and sustainability with the development of Product Specific (Type III) Environmental Product Declarations for a wide and diverse mix of LATICRETE products.





**MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar** Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO21930:2017

EPD PROGRAM AND PROGRAM OPERATOR NAME, ADDRESS, LOGO, AND WEBSITE	UL SOLUTIONS 333 PFINGSTEN RD, NORTHBR	WWW.UL.COM WWW.SPOT.UL.COM					
GENERAL PROGRAM INSTRUCTIONS AND VERSION NUMBER	UL Environment Environmen INSTRUCTIONS, VERSION	tal Product Declaration Program, GENERAL PROGRAM 2.7, MARCH 2022					
MANUFACTURER NAME AND ADDRESS	LATICRETE International, Inc 91 Amity Rd Bethany, CT 06524	c.					
MANUFACTURER LOCATIONS	Bethany, CT; Indianapolis, IN Corona, CA, Lebanon, OR	l; Hamlet, NC; West Palm Beach, FL; Grand Prairie, TX;					
DECLARATION NUMBER	4787630163.106.1						
DECLARED PRODUCT & FUNCTIONAL UNIT	MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Morta 1 m² of installed 450mm x 45 service life (RSL) of 75 years	50mm tile with a 3mm joint width with an assumed reference					
REFERENCE PCR AND VERSION NUMBER	Environment, V4.0, 2022)	nt Calculation Rules and Report Requirements (UL , Adhesive Mortar and Self-Leveling Underlayment EPD ent V1.0, 2022)					
DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT APPLICATION/USE	naterials such as lime, cement, sand, and water mixed toget and two surfaces together.						
PRODUCT RSL DESCRIPTION (IF APPL.)	75 years						
MARKETS OF APPLICABILITY	North America						
DATE OF ISSUE	April 1, 2024						
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	5 Years						
EPD TYPE	Product-specific						
EPD SCOPE	Cradle to Grave						
YEAR(S) OF REPORTED PRIMARY DATA	2019						
LCA SOFTWARE & VERSION NUMBER	LCA For Experts 10.7.0.183	(formerly GaBi)					
LCI DATABASE(S) & VERSION NUMBER	Managed Life Cycle Content	Database 2023.1 (formerly GaBi)					
LCIA METHODOLOGY & VERSION NUMBER	TRACI 2.1, IPCC AR5, and C	CML 2001-Jan 2016					
		James Mellentine					
The PCR review was conducted by:		Jack Geibig					
		Thomas Gloria, Ph.D					
This declaration was independently verified in acco	ordance with ISO 14025: 2006.	Cooper McCollus					
□ INTERNAL 🙀 EXTERNAL		Cooper McCollum, UL Solutions					
The EPD conforms with:		☑ ISO 21930 ☐ EN 15804:2013+A2:2019					
This life cycle assessment was conducted in accorreference PCR by:	dance with ISO 14044 and the	WAP Sustainability Consulting, LLC					
This life cycle assessment was independently verif	ied in accordance with ISO	Lindita B					
14044 and the reference PCR by:		Lindita Bushi, PhD, Athena Sustainable Materials Institute					

Environmental product declarations from different EPD programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.

Comparison of the environmental performance of Grout, Mortar, and Leveler Product Systems using EPD information shall be based on the product's use and impacts

Full conformance with this PCR allows EPD comparability only when all stages of a life cycle have been considered. See Section 3.9 for additional EPD comparability



MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

#### 1. Product Definition and Information

#### 1.1. Description of Company/Organization

LATICRETE is a 3rd generation family-owned, leading manufacturer of globally proven construction solutions for the building industry. LATICRETE offers a broad range of products and systems covering tile & stone installation and care, masonry installation and care, resinous and decorative floor finishes, concrete construction chemicals, and concrete restoration and care including the LATICRETE® SUPERCAP® System.

For over 65 years, LATICRETE has been committed to research and development of innovative installation products, building a reputation for superior quality, performance, and customer service. LATICRETE methods, materials, and technology have been field and laboratory proven by Architects, Engineers, Contractors, and Owners. Offering an array of low VOC and sustainable products, LATICRETE products contribute to LEED certification, exceed commercial/residential VOC building requirements, and are backed by the most comprehensive warranties in the industry.

#### 1.2. Product Description

#### **Product Identification**

The ultimate, polymer fortified, thin-set mortar for interior and exterior installation of masonry veneer, stone, ceramic tile, quarry tile, pavers and thin brick. MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar, designed to mix just with water, has a long open time with unsurpassed adhesion and workability.

This product falls under CSI division 09 31 00 and UNSPSC 30111504, and the following production codes: ANSI A118.4, ANSI A118.11, ANSI A118.15, ISO 13007-1, ASTM C482.

#### **Product Average**

Results in this LCA are based on the total materials purchased during 2019 based on data availability and weighted by annual production data at each of the following facilities:

- Bethany, CT
- Indianapolis, IN
- Hamlet, NC
- West Palm Beach, FL
- Grand Prairie, TX
- Corona, CA
- · Lebanon, OR

#### 1.3. Application

These products are commonly used in a variety of settings including commercial, health care, education, residential, and hotel applications.







MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

#### 1.4. Declaration of Methodological Framework

This LCA follows an attributional approach and is a cradle to grave study.

#### 1.5. Technical Requirements

**Table 1. Technical Data** 

PARAMETER	STANDARDS	MVIS HI-BOND VENEER MORTAR
Mass (wet) [kg/m²] assuming 3/32" thickness (2.38 mm)	-	3.94
Density (wet) [kg/m³]	-	1,654
Tensile Strength [MPa @ 28 days] (psi @ 28 days)	ISO-13007	2.3–2.6 (333–337)
Shear Strength – Vitreous Tile [MPa @ 28 days] (psi @ 28 days)	ANSI A118.15	3.2–3.6 (475–520)
Shear Strength – Plywood [MPa @ 28 days] (psi @ 28 days)	ANSI A118.11	1.7–1.9 (275–300)
Shear Strength – Calcium Silicate [MPa @ 28 days] (psi @ 28 days)	ASTM C482	2.4–2.6 (350–370)
Compressive Strength [MPa @ 28 days] (psi @ 28 days)	ASTM C270	16.5–16.9 (2,400–2,500)
Open Time [minutes]	-	40
Pot Life [hours]	-	2
Mixture Proportion [liters liquid/kg powder]	-	0.229

#### 1.6. Properties of Declared Product as Delivered

This product is packaged in poly bags, which in turn are packaged into carboard boxes. These cardboard boxes are shrink wrapped and loaded onto wooden pallets which are then delivered to the customer or job site.

#### 1.7. Material Composition

Table 2. Material Composition of the Product, by Mass %

MATERIAL	MVIS HI-BOND VENEER MORTAR
Quartz	45-55%
Cement	30-45%
Proprietary Additives	9-13%

Product composition total may not add up to 100% due to rounding.







MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

#### 1.8. Manufacturing

To manufacture all products, LATICRETE weighs, blends, and mixes the powders. Then, LATICRETE packages the products into bags or cartons and palletizes them.

#### 1.9. Packaging

This product is packaged in a 50 lb bag. A breakdown of packaging materials can be found in the chart below.

Table 3: Packaging Material per kg

Input	Amount (kg)
Cardboard	1.76E-04
Poly Bag	2.26E-03
Shrink Wrap	6.15E-05
Wooden Pallet	6.29-03

#### 1.10. Transportation

The raw materials are delivered to LATICRETE's facility via heavy-duty diesel truck, ship, and rail. Transportation distances from supplier to LATICRETE facilities are based on supplier and facility location.

The product is delivered to the customer via heavy-duty diesel truck. Transport to the installation site is assumed to be 500 km as recommended by the PCR (Part B) for all floor applications.

#### 1.11. Product Installation

LATICRETE provides recommended installation instructions online for each product. Installation equipment is required though not included in the study as these are multi-use tools and the impacts per functional unit are considered negligible. For purposes of the study, the geographical scope of the customer is the United States.

Thin-set mortar for tile installation is primarily installed by hand, with potential limited use of machines to mix the product prior to application. Due to its material composition, thin-set mortar is typically quite alkaline and, as such, eye and skin contact should be avoided, especially for prolonged periods and within small spaces. Additionally, precautions should be taken to reduce dust emissions and inhalation during the installation process. The installation safety instructions of the product should be followed during application. During installation, the product is applied at approximately 4.11 kg/m² with around 4.5% of the total material lost as waste. Although some of this waste could be recycled, this scrap is modeled as being disposed of in a landfill.

#### 1.12. Use

This product does not have significant use phase inputs, and thus does not need water for cleaning purposes, since this product is concealed behind surface materials such as tile.





MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

#### 1.13. Reference Service Life and Estimated Building Service Life

According to Part A of the PCR, the Estimated Service Life (ESL) of the building is assumed to be 75 years. Thin-set mortars are expected to last as long as the building itself, the Reference Service Life (RSL) of the product is taken to be 75 years.

#### 1.14. Reuse, Recycling, and Energy Recovery

This product is typically not reused, recovered, and recycled.

#### 1.15. Disposal

This product is bound to surface material, such as tile, during application and is typically disposed with the surface material. At its end-of-life surface material can be reused in multiple applications—for example, clean fill material in land reclamation/contouring projects, base or substrate material for roadways and/or parking lots, replacement for raw materials used in cement or brick kilns, etc.

However, for purposes of this EPD, the analysis adopts the most conservative approach and assumes that 100% of all product waste is disposed of in a landfill.

## 2. Life Cycle Assessment Background Information

#### 2.1. Functional or Declared Unit

The functional unit for thin-set mortars according to the UL PCR is 1 m<sup>2</sup> of installed 450mm x 450mm tile with a 3mm joint width with an assumed reference service life (RSL) of 75 years. The reference flow to achieve this functional unit, assuming 3/32" thickness (2.38 mm), is 4.11 kg.

#### 2.2. System Boundary

The LCA is a Cradle-to-Grave study. An overview of the system boundary is shown in Figure 1.









According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

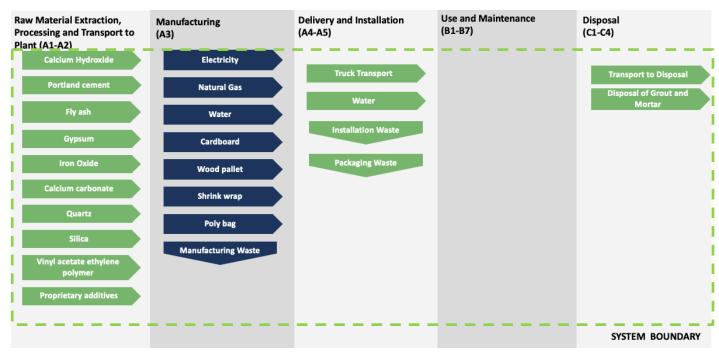


Figure 1. System Boundary Diagram

#### 2.3. Estimates and Assumptions

All estimates and assumptions are within the requirements of ISO 14040/44. Many of the estimations are within the primary data. Assumptions made throughout the study are listed below:

- Installation tools are used enough times that the per square meter impacts are negligible.
- For the minor additives that didn't have appropriate secondary datasets in GaBi, the volume of other raw
  materials was scaled up to meet reference flows per the functional unit. However, these fall well below the cutoff criteria. This method was applied as the most conservative approach rather than excluding unavailable
  materials.

#### 2.4. Cut-off Criteria

Material inputs less than 1% were included if sufficient data was available to warrant inclusion and/or the material input was thought to have significant environmental impact. Cumulative excluded material inputs and environmental impacts are less than 5% based on total weight of the functional unit.

 Natural gas consumption at facilities is used only as building heat source and was excluded as an input to the LCA in the manufacturing stage (A3). The burden of natural gas increases life cycle results for global warming potential by 6% to 29%. However, the manufacturing process only requires electrical energy for blending and mixing materials, in addition to the absence of natural gas consumption at three manufacturing facilities in warmer climates. Natural gas is only used for building heat.







MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

• Some material inputs may have been excluded within the MLC datasets used for this project. All MLC datasets have been critically reviewed and conform to the exclusion requirement of the PCR, Part A: "Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report".

#### 2.5. Data Sources

Primary data were collected by LATICRETE personnel and from utility bills and was used for all manufacturing processes for all participating members. When primary data did not exist, secondary data for raw material production was utilized from Sphera LCA For Experts (formerly GaBi) Version 10.7.0.183, Managed Life Cycle Content Database 2023.1.

#### 2.6. Data Quality

A variety of tests and checks were performed throughout the project to ensure high quality of the completed LCA. Checks included an extensive review of project specific LCA models, as well as the background data used.

#### Geographic Coverage

The geographical scope of the manufacturing portion of the life cycle is North America. All primary data were collected from the manufacturer. The geographic coverage of primary data is considered excellent.

#### Temporal Coverage

Primary data were provided by LATICRETE and represent all information for calendar years 2019, based on data availability. Data necessary to model cradle-to-gate unit processes were sourced from Sphera's MLC LCI datasets. Using this data meets the PCR requirements. Time coverage of the GaBi datasets varies from approximately 2012 to present. All datasets rely on at least one 1-year average data. Time coverage of the primary data is considered good.

#### Technological Coverage

Primary data provided by LATICRETE are specific to the technology they use in manufacturing their products. Data for 7 sites are site-specific and considered of good quality.

#### 2.7. Period under Review

Primary data were provided by the manufacturers and represent all information for calendar year 2019, based on data availability.

#### 2.8. Allocation

General principles of allocation were based on ISO 14040/44. There are no products other than the product under study in the manufacturing process, and thus no allocation based on co-products were required. To derive a per-unit value for manufacturing inputs such as electricity and water allocation based on total production by mass was adopted. Recycled materials were accounted for via the cut-off method. Under this method, impacts and benefits associated with the previous life of a raw material from recycled stock are excluded from the system boundary.







MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

#### 2.9. Comparability

This study was not completed with the intent that comparative assertions with external objects or public disclosures (i.e., comparative marketing claims) would be made. However, the results from the report will be used as the basis of product optimization documentation and will be used to develop EPDs. The EPDs will be disclosed to the public.

## 3. Life Cycle Assessment Scenarios

Table 4. Transport to the building site (A4)

NAME	VALUE	Unit
Fuel type	Diesel	-
Liters of fuel	44.7	L/100km
Vehicle type	US: TRUCK - HEAVY HEAVY- DUTY DIESEL TRUCK / 53,333 LB PAYLOAD	-
Transport distance	500	km
Capacity utilization (including empty runs, mass based	67	%
Weight of products transported	3.37	kg
Capacity utilization volume factor (factor: =1 or <1 or ≥ 1 for compressed or nested packaging products)	1	-

Table 5. Installation into the building (A5)

NAME	VALUE	Unit
Net freshwater consumption specified by water source and fate (amount evaporated, amount disposed to sewer)	2.42E-04	m³
Product Wastage	4.5%	%
Plastic Waste	7.75E-03	kg
Pulp Waste	2.16E-02	kg
Waste materials at the construction site before waste processing, generated by product installation	2.07E-01	kg
Biogenic carbon contained in packaging	7.74E-02	kg CO <sub>2</sub>

Table 6. Reference Service Life

NAME	VALUE	Unit
RSL	75	years

Thin-set mortars do not require maintenance because they are concealed behind surface materials such as tile.





MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

Table 7. End of Life (C1-C4)

NAME		VALUE	Unit
Distance to Landfill		100	km
	Collected separately	-	kg
Collection process (specified by type)	Collected with mixed construction waste	3.20	kg
	Reuse	-	kg
	Recycling	-	kg
	Landfill	3.20	kg
Recovery (specified by type)	Incineration	-	kg
(opeomed by type)	Incineration with energy recovery	-	kg
	Energy conversion efficiency rate	-	
Disposal (specified by type)	Product or material for final deposition	3.20	kg
Removals of biogenic carbon (excluding pa	ackaging)	1.44E-02	kg CO <sub>2</sub>

Note that maintenance (B2), repair (B3), replacement (B4), refurbishment (B5), Operational energy use (B6), Operational water use (B7), and reuse, recovery, and/or recycling potentials (D) has been removed from this section as they are not material to this investigation.

## 4. Life Cycle Assessment Results

Table 8. Description of the system boundary modules

	PRODUCT STAGE			T IC	ON CESS		USE STAGE					END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY	
	<b>A</b> 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to site	Assembly/Instal I	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Building Operational Energy Use During Product	Building Operational Water Use During Product	Deconstruction	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery, Recycling Potential
EPD Type	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	MND

X = declared module; MND = module not declared





**MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar** 

Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

## 4.1. Life Cycle Impact Assessment Results

#### Table 9. North American Impact Assessment Results, per functional unit

TRACI V2.1, IPCC AR5 GWP <sub>100</sub> , CML	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4
GWP <sub>100</sub> [kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq]	2.46E+00	1.36E-01	1.42E-01	0.00E+00	3.17E-02	0.00E+00	8.47E-02							
AP [kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq]	4.93E-03	6.22E-04	3.06E-04	0.00E+00	8.79E-05	0.00E+00	4.37E-04							
EP [kg N eq]	4.91E-04	5.51E-05	3.08E-05	0.00E+00	9.20E-06	0.00E+00	1.92E-05							
ODP [kg CFC-11 eq]	1.53E-12	3.48E-16	7.65E-14	0.00E+00	8.14E-17	0.00E+00	4.05E-15							
SFP [kg O <sub>3</sub> eq]	1.10E-01	1.44E-02	6.60E-03	0.00E+00	2.01E-03	0.00E+00	7.97E-03							
ADP <sub>fossil</sub> [MJ, LHV]	3.62E+01	1.88E+00	1.96E+00	0.00E+00	4.40E-01	0.00E+00	1.28E+00							

## 4.2. Life Cycle Inventory Results

Table 10. Carbon Emissions and Uptake, per functional unit

PARAMETER	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4
BCRP [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	1.44E-02	0.00E+00	7.22E-04	0.00E+00										
BCEP [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	2.50E-02	0.00E+00											
BCRK [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	3.87E-02	0.00E+00	1.94E-03	0.00E+00										
BCEK [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.94E-02	0.00E+00										
BCEW [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00													
CCE [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	1.13E+00	0.00E+00	5.64E-02	0.00E+00										
CCR [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00													
CWNR [kg CO <sub>2</sub> ]	0.00E+00													

Table 11. Resource Use, per functional unit



**MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar** 

Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

PARAMETER	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4
RPRE [MJ, LHV]	2.76E+00	7.56E-02	1.48E-01	0.00E+00	1.77E-02	0.00E+00	1.54E-01							
RPRM [MJ, LHV]	1.81E-01	0.00E+00	9.07E-03	0.00E+00										
NRPRE [MJ, LHV]	3.10E+01	1.90E+00	1.71E+00	0.00E+00	4.43E-01	0.00E+00	1.32E+00							
NRPRM [MJ, LHV]	6.73E+00	0.00E+00	3.37E-01	0.00E+00										
SM [kg]	0.00E+00													
RSF [MJ, LHV]	0.00E+00													
NRSF [MJ, LHV]	0.00E+00													
RE [MJ, LHV]	0.00E+00													
FW [m3]	1.92E-02	2.59E-04	1.73E-03	0.00E+00	6.06E-05	0.00E+00	1.63E-04							

Table 12. Output Flows and Waste Categories, per functional unit

PARAMETER	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4
HWD [kg]	0.00E+00													
NHWD [kg]	0.00E+00													
HLRW [kg]	8.02E-07	6.46E-09	4.12E-08	0.00E+00	1.51E-09	0.00E+00	1.63E-08							
ILLRW [kg]	6.76E-04	5.44E-06	3.47E-05	0.00E+00	1.27E-06	0.00E+00	1.46E-05							
CRU [kg]	0.00E+00													
MR [kg]	0.00E+00													
MER [kg]	0.00E+00													
EEE [MJ]	0.00E+00													
EET [MJ]	0.00E+00													



MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

### 5. LCA Interpretation

The product stage (A1-A3) dominated global warming potential (GWP) impacts across the full life cycle of a product, which covers raw material extraction, transport of raw materials to the manufacturing site, and manufacturing of the product. When installed in a building for 75 years, the product stage contributes 78-95% to overall GWP across all LATICRETE products. The main contributors to this stage are raw materials. The raw material driving this contribution is portland cement.

#### 6. Additional Environmental Information

#### 6.1. Environment and Health During Manufacturing

LATICRETE products are governed by federal and local requirements for dust control. Where applicable, dust collection systems are incorporated in processes to optimize material usage and mitigate airborne dust and particulate matter within the factory.

The product does not contain hazardous substances per EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as indicated in Section 2.8.6 of the Part A PCR.

MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar has the following environmental certifications. These certifications can be accessed from the product page on LATICRETE's website: <a href="https://www.laticrete.com/en/products/mvis-hi-bond-veneer-mortar">https://www.laticrete.com/en/products/mvis-hi-bond-veneer-mortar</a>

- HPD
- GREENGUARD Gold

#### 6.2. Environment and Health During Installation

Refer to SDS for any PPE requirements. Contact LATICRETE for OSHA Respirable Silica compliance information.

#### 6.3. Extraordinary Effects

#### Water

Thin-set mortar is not sensitive to moisture.

#### **Mechanical Destruction**

Tile should not be installed until any and all structural damage to the building has been adequately repaired and determined to be code compliant. Surfaces must be structurally sound, stable and rigid enough to support the grout, mortar, and tile, in addition to any other ancillary tile installation products.

#### 6.4. Delayed Emissions

Inherently, cement thin-set mortar does not emit VOCs. For polymer-modified cement thin-set mortar, the South Coast











According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule #1168 details VOC thresholds that are most commonly specified. LATICRETE thin-set mortar for tile installation are in compliance. Additionally, the product covered by this EPD has been engineered to minimize airborne dust or other job-site particulates. When used with tile this product also has built-in mold and mildew protection to complement tile's inherent resistance to mold and mildew growth.

#### 6.5. Environmental Activities and Certifications

Contact manufacturer or visit their website for other certifications or documentation, such as low VOC emission certifications, Health Product Declaration, VOC content data, and other information.





MVIS Hi-Bond Veneer Mortar Thin-Set Mortar



According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

## 7. Supporting Documentation

#### Table 13. Acronym Key

ACRONYM	Техт	ACRONYM	Техт						
LCA Indicators									
ADP- elements	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	GWP	Global warming potential						
ADP-fossil	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	OPD	Depletion of stratospheric ozone layer						
AP	Acidification potential of soil and water	POCP	Photochemical ozone creation potential						
EP	Eutrophication potential	Resources	Depletion of non-renewable fossil fuels						
LCI Indicators									
RPR <sub>E</sub>	Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	RPR <sub>M</sub>	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials						
NRPR <sub>E</sub>	Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	NRPR <sub>M</sub>	Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials						
SM	Use of secondary materials	FW	Net use of fresh water						
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	NRSF	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels						
HWD	Disposed-of-hazardous waste	MR	Materials for recycling						
NHWD	Disposed-of non-hazardous waste	MER	Materials for energy recovery						
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository	ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository						
CRU	Components for reuse	EE	Exported energy						
RE	Recovered Energy								
Biogenic Carbon Indicators									
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Processes						
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Product	CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions						
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removals						
ВСЕК	Biogenic Carbon Emission from Packaging	CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- Renewable Sources used in Production Processes						

#### 8. References

- 1. CML Department of Industrial Ecology. (2016, September 05). CML-IA Characterisation Factors. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.universiteitleiden.nl/en/research/research-output/science/cml-ia-characterisation-factors">https://www.universiteitleiden.nl/en/research/research-output/science/cml-ia-characterisation-factors</a>
- 2. IPCC. (2013). Climate Change 2013: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Group I to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. [Stocker, T.F., D. Qin, G.-K. Plattner, M. Tignor, S.K. Allen, J. Boschung, A. Nauels, Y. Xia, V. Bex and P.M. Midgley (eds.)]. Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA: Cambridge University Press.











According to ISO 14025, ISO 21930:2017

- 3. ISO. (2006). ISO 14025: Environmental labels and declarations Type III environmental declarations Principles and procedures. Geneva: International Organization for Standardization.
- 4. ISO. (2006). ISO 14040/Amd 1:2020: Environmental management Life cycle assessment Principles and framework. Geneva: International Organization for Standardization.
- 5. ISO. (2006). ISO 14044/Amd 1:2017/Amd 2:2020: Environmental Management Life cycle assessment Requirements and Guidelines. Geneva: International Organization for Standardization.
- ISO. (2017). ISO 21930: Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services. Geneva: International Organization for Standardization.
- 7. UL Environment. (2022). Part A: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirements, UL 10010, V4 0
- 8. UL Environment. (2022). Part B: Cement-based Grout, Adhesive Mortar and Self-Leveling Underlayment EPD Requirements.
- 9. US EPA. (2012). TRACI: The Tool for the Reduction and Assessment of Chemical and Other Environmental Impacts. Version 2.1 User Guide. Retrieved from https://nepis.epa.gov/Adobe/PDF/P100HN53.pdf
- 10. WAP Sustainabillity. (2024). LCA Report of LATICRETE LATICRETE Thin-Sets, Mortars, Grouts, and SLUs.
- 11. Sphera Solutions GmbH. (2023). Sphera Managed Life Cycle Content database.

